



For each system of equations determine the point of intersection in a graph.

1) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.75x + 5 \\ y = -1.5x - 4 \end{cases}$$

2) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 2.5x - 7 \\ y = -1.25x + 8 \end{cases}$$

3) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.25x - 5 \\ y = 3.5x + 8 \end{cases}$$

4) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.7x + 6 \\ y = 0.9x + 8 \end{cases}$$

5) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -4.5x + 9 \\ y = 1.5x - 3 \end{cases}$$

6) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -0.75x - 1 \\ y = -0.5x - 2 \end{cases}$$

7) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.2x - 3 \\ y = 0.8x + 7 \end{cases}$$

8) 
$$\begin{cases} y = -1.25x - 8 \\ y = -0.75x - 4 \end{cases}$$

9) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 0.2x - 3 \\ y = -0.2x - 5 \end{cases}$$

10) 
$$\begin{cases} y = 1.5x + 1 \\ y = 2.75x - 4 \end{cases}$$

**Answers**

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_

8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_

10. \_\_\_\_\_



For each system of equations determine the point of intersection in a graph.

$$1) \begin{cases} y = 0.75x + 5 \\ y = -1.5x - 4 \end{cases}$$

$$0.75x + 5 = -1.5x - 4$$

$$2.25x = -9$$

$$1x = -4$$

$$y = (0.75 \times -4) + 5$$

$$y = (-1.5 \times -4) - 4$$

$$2) \begin{cases} y = 2.5x - 7 \\ y = -1.25x + 8 \end{cases}$$

$$2.5x - 7 = -1.25x + 8$$

$$3.75x = 15$$

$$1x = 4$$

$$y = (2.5 \times 4) - 7$$

$$y = (-1.25 \times 4) + 8$$

$$3) \begin{cases} y = 0.25x - 5 \\ y = 3.5x + 8 \end{cases}$$

$$0.25x - 5 = 3.5x + 8$$

$$-3.25x = 13$$

$$1x = -4$$

$$y = (0.25 \times -4) - 5$$

$$y = (3.5 \times -4) + 8$$

$$4) \begin{cases} y = 0.7x + 6 \\ y = 0.9x + 8 \end{cases}$$

$$0.7x + 6 = 0.9x + 8$$

$$-0.2x = 2$$

$$1x = -10$$

$$y = (0.7 \times -10) + 6$$

$$y = (0.9 \times -10) + 8$$

$$5) \begin{cases} y = -4.5x + 9 \\ y = 1.5x - 3 \end{cases}$$

$$-4.5x + 9 = 1.5x - 3$$

$$-6x = -12$$

$$1x = 2$$

$$y = (-4.5 \times 2) + 9$$

$$y = (1.5 \times 2) - 3$$

$$6) \begin{cases} y = -0.75x - 1 \\ y = -0.5x - 2 \end{cases}$$

$$-0.75x - 1 = -0.5x - 2$$

$$-0.25x = -1$$

$$1x = 4$$

$$y = (-0.75 \times 4) - 1$$

$$y = (-0.5 \times 4) - 2$$

$$7) \begin{cases} y = -1.2x - 3 \\ y = 0.8x + 7 \end{cases}$$

$$-1.2x - 3 = 0.8x + 7$$

$$-2x = 10$$

$$1x = -5$$

$$y = (-1.2 \times -5) - 3$$

$$y = (0.8 \times -5) + 7$$

$$8) \begin{cases} y = -1.25x - 8 \\ y = -0.75x - 4 \end{cases}$$

$$-1.25x - 8 = -0.75x - 4$$

$$-0.5x = 4$$

$$1x = -8$$

$$y = (-1.25 \times -8) - 8$$

$$y = (-0.75 \times -8) - 4$$

$$9) \begin{cases} y = 0.2x - 3 \\ y = -0.2x - 5 \end{cases}$$

$$0.2x - 3 = -0.2x - 5$$

$$0.4x = -2$$

$$1x = -5$$

$$y = (0.2 \times -5) - 3$$

$$y = (-0.2 \times -5) - 5$$

$$10) \begin{cases} y = 1.5x + 1 \\ y = 2.75x - 4 \end{cases}$$

$$1.5x + 1 = 2.75x - 4$$

$$-1.25x = -5$$

$$1x = 4$$

$$y = (1.5 \times 4) + 1$$

$$y = (2.75 \times 4) - 4$$

Answers

1. **(-4, 2)**

2. **(4, 3)**

3. **(-4, -6)**

4. **(-10, -1)**

5. **(2, 0)**

6. **(4, -4)**

7. **(-5, 3)**

8. **(-8, 2)**

9. **(-5, -4)**

10. **(4, 7)**